CHAPTER 11

Section 11.1

Check Point Exercises

1. a. 7,9,11,13 b. $-\frac{1}{3},\frac{1}{5},-\frac{1}{9},\frac{1}{17}$ **2.** 3,11,27,59 **3.** $10,\frac{10}{3},\frac{5}{6},\frac{1}{6}$ **4.** a. 91 b. n **5.** a. 182 **b.** 47 **c.** 20

6. a. $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2$ b. $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2^{i-1}}$

Exercise Set 11.1

1. 5,8,11,14 **2.** 3,7,11,15 **3.** 3,9,27,81 **4.** $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{9}$, $\frac{1}{27}$, $\frac{1}{81}$ **5.** -3,9, -27,81 **6.** $-\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{9}$, $-\frac{1}{27}$, $\frac{1}{81}$ **7.** -4,5, -6,7 **8.** 5, -6,7, -8 **9.** $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{6}{7}$, 1 **10.** $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{9}{8}$, $\frac{4}{3}$ **11.** 1, $-\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{7}$, $-\frac{1}{15}$ **12.** $\frac{1}{3}$, $-\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{9}$, $-\frac{1}{17}$ **13.** 7,12,17,22 **14.** 12,16,20,24 **15.** 3,12,48,192 **16.** 2,10,50,250 **17.** 4,11,25,53 **18.** 5,14,41,122 **19.** 1,2, $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, 4,12,48,240 **22.** -2, -2, -4, -12

23. 272 **24.** 306 **25.** 120 **26.** 190 **27.** (n+2)(n+1) **28.** 2n+1 **29.** 105 **30.** 147 **31.** 60 **32.** 225 **33.** 115

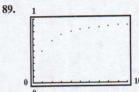
34. -4 **35.** $-\frac{5}{16}$ **36.** $\frac{7}{81}$ **37.** 55 **38.** 60 **39.** $\frac{3}{8}$ **40.** $-\frac{19}{30}$ **41.** 15 **42.** 110 **43.** $\sum_{i=1}^{15} i^2$ **44.** $\sum_{i=1}^{12} i^4$ **45.** $\sum_{i=1}^{11} 2^i$

46. $\sum_{i=1}^{12} 5^i$ **47.** $\sum_{i=1}^{30} i$ **48.** $\sum_{i=1}^{40} i$ **49.** $\sum_{i=1}^{14} \frac{i}{i+1}$ **50.** $\sum_{i=1}^{16} \frac{i}{i+2}$ **51.** $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{4^i}{i}$ **52.** $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{i}{9^i}$ **53.** $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (2i-1)$ **54.** $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (ar^{i-1})$

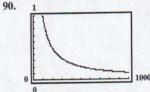
55. $\sum_{k=1}^{14} (2k+3)$ 56. $\sum_{k=3}^{16} 2k$ 57. $\sum_{k=0}^{12} ar^k$ 58. $\sum_{k=0}^{14} ar^k$ 59. $\sum_{k=0}^{n} (a+kd)$ 60. $\sum_{k=1}^{n} (a+d^k)$ 61. 45 62. 35 63. 0 64. 0 65. 2 66. -2 67. 80 68. 20 69. a. 9.9; Online ad spending averaged \$9.9 billion per year from 2000 through 2006.

b. 12; overestimates by \$2.1 billion
b. 4.25; This is a reasonable model.
70. a. 4.28; Spending for consumer drug ads averaged \$4.28 billion per year from 2002 through 2006.
71. \$8081.13
72. \$16,084.37
81. 39,800
82. 1,307,674,368,000
83. 8.109673361 E15

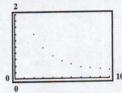
84. 6840 **85.** 24,804 **88.** $a_{10} = 2.5937$; $a_{100} = 2.7048$; $a_{1000} = 2.7169$; $a_{10,000} = 2.7181$; $a_{100,000} = 2.7183$; As n gets larger, a_n gets closer to $e \approx 2.7183$.



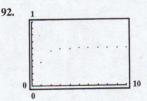
As n gets larger, a_n approaches 1.



As n gets larger, a_n approaches 0.



As n gets larger, a_n approaches 0.



As n gets larger, a_n approaches $\frac{3}{5}$.

93. does not make sense 94. does not make sense 95. makes sense 96. does not make sense 97. false 98. true 99. false 100. false 101. 9, 32, 16, 8, 4 103. -5; -5; -5; The difference between consecutive terms is always -5. 104. 4; 4; 4; 4; The difference between consecutive terms is always 4. 105. -45

Section 11.2

Check Point Exercises

2. -34 **3. a.** $a_n = 0.7n + 31.3$ **b.** 39 **4.** 360 **5.** 2460 6. \$740,300 **1.** 100, 70, 40, 10, -20, -50

Exercise Set 11.2

1. 200, 220, 240, 260, 280, 300 **2.** 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550 **3.** -7, -3, 1, 5, 9, 13 4. -8, -3, 2, 7, 12, 17

8. $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, 0, $-\frac{1}{4}$, $-\frac{1}{2}$ **5.** 300, 210, 120, 30, -60, -150 **6.** 200, 140, 80, 20, -40, -100 **7.** $\frac{5}{2}$, 2, $\frac{3}{2}$, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$, 0

10. -7, -3, 1, 5, 9, 13 **11.** 30, 20, 10, 0, -10, -20 **12.** 50, 30, 10, -10, -30, -50 **13.** 1.6, 1.2, 0.8, 0.4, 0, -0.4

10. -7, -5, 1, 5, 9, 1511. 50, 20, 10, 0, -10, -2012. 50, 50, 10, -10, -50, -5013. 1.0, 1.2, 0.8, 0.4, 0, -0.414. -1.7, -2, -2.3, -2.6, -2.9, -3.215. 3316. 3917. 25218. 36219. 95520. 68521. -14222.

23. $a_n = 4n - 3$; $a_{20} = 77$ 24. $a_n = 5n - 3$; $a_{20} = 97$ 25. $a_n = 11 - 4n$; $a_{20} = -69$ 26. $a_n = 11 - 5n$; $a_{20} = -89$ 27. $a_n = 7 + 2n$; $a_{20} = 47$ 28. $a_n = 3n + 3$; $a_{20} = 63$ 29. $a_n = -16 - 4n$; $a_{20} = -96$ 30. $a_n = -65 - 5n$; $a_{20} = -165$ 31. $a_n = 1 + 3n$; $a_{20} = 61$ 32. $a_n = 5n + 1$; $a_{20} = 101$ 33. $a_n = 40 - 10n$; $a_{20} = -160$ 34. $a_n = 36 - 12n$; $a_{20} = -204$ 35. 122036. 377537. 440038. 660039. 505040. 10,10041. 366042. 648043. 39644. 504

45. $8 + 13 + 18 + \cdots + 88;816$ **46.** $2 + 8 + 14 + \cdots + 116;1180$ **47.** $2 - 1 - 4 - \cdots - 85;-1245$

48. $4 + 2 + 0 - \cdots - 74$; -1400 **49.** $4 + 8 + 12 + \cdots + 400$; 20,200 **50.** $-4 - 8 - 12 - \cdots - 200$; -5100 **51.** 7

- **53.** 22 **54.** 19 **55.** 847 **56.** 975 **57.** f(x) = -4x + 5 **58.** g(x) = 5x 2 **59.** $a_n = 3n 2$ **60.** $a_n = 2n + 1$ **61.** a. $a_n = 0.77n + 9.23$ b. 30.0% **62.** a. $a_n = 0.83n + 16.77$ b. 59.1% **63.** Company A will pay \$1400 more in year 10.

- 64. Company A will pay \$600 more in year 10.
 65. a. \$21,153
 b. \$21,158; overestimates by \$5
 66. a. \$83,245
 69. Company A: \$307,000; Company B: \$324,000; Company B pays the greater total amount.
- 71. 2869 seats 78. does not make sense 79. makes sense 80. makes sense 81. makes sense 82. the 200th term
- 83. 320 degree-days 84. $S_n = \frac{n}{2}(1 + 2n 1) = \frac{n}{2}(2n) = n^2$ 85. -2; -2; -2; The ratio of a term to the term that directly precedes
- it is always -2. 86. 5; 5; 5; 5; The ratio of a term to the term that directly precedes it is always 5. 87. 8019

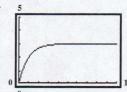
Section 11.3

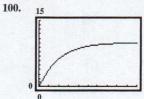
Check Point Exercises

- 1. 12, 6, 3, $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{3}{8}$ **2.** 3645 **3.** $a_n = 3(2)^{n-1}$; $a_8 = 384$ **4.** 9842 **5.** 19,680 **6.** \$2,371,746 **7. a.** \$333,946 **b.** \$291,946
- **9.** 1 **10.** \$4000

Exercise Set 11.3

- **1.** 5, 15, 45, 135, 405 **2.** 4, 12, 36, 108, 324 **3.** 20, 10, 5, $\frac{5}{2}$, $\frac{5}{4}$ **4.** 24, 8, $\frac{8}{3}$, $\frac{8}{9}$, $\frac{8}{27}$ **5.** 10, -40, 160, -640, 2560 **6.** 10, -30, 90, -270, 810
- **7.** -6, 30, -150, 750, -3750 **8.** -2, 12, -72, 432, -2592 **9.** $a_8 = 768$ **10.** $a_8 = 10,935$ **11.** $a_{12} = -10,240$ **12.** $a_{12} = -8192$
- **13.** $a_{40} \approx -0.000000002$ **14.** $a_{30} \approx -0.000014901$ **15.** $a_8 = 0.1$ **16.** $a_8 = 0.004$ **17.** $a_n = 3(4)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = 12,288$
- **18.** $a_n = 3(5)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = 46,875$ **19.** $a_n = 18\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = \frac{2}{81}$ **20.** $a_n = 12\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = \frac{3}{16}$ **21.** $a_n = 1.5(-2)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = 96$
- **22.** $a_n = 5\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = \frac{1}{3125}$ **23.** $a_n = 0.0004(-10)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = 400$ **24.** $a_n = 0.0007(-10)^{n-1}$; $a_7 = 700$ **25.** 531,440
- 27. 2049 28. 177,148 29. $\frac{16,383}{2}$ 30. $\frac{5461}{24}$ 31. 9840 32. 5460 33. 10,230 34. -6564 35. $\frac{63}{128}$ 36. $\frac{364}{2187}$ 37. $\frac{3}{2}$ 38. $\frac{4}{3}$ 39. 4 40. 6 41. $\frac{2}{3}$ 42. $\frac{9}{4}$ 43. $\frac{80}{13} \approx 6.15385$ 44. $\frac{120}{17} \approx 7.05882$ 45. $\frac{5}{9}$ 46. $\frac{1}{9}$ 47. $\frac{47}{99}$ 48. $\frac{83}{99}$
- **49.** $\frac{257}{999}$ **50.** $\frac{529}{999}$ **51.** arithmetic, d=1 **52.** arithmetic, d=1 **53.** geometric, r=2 **54.** geometric, $r=\frac{1}{2}$
- **56.** neither **57.** 2435 **58.** -5260 **59.** 2280 **60.** -2700 **61.** -140 **62.** 1140 **63.** $a_2 = 12, a_3 = 18$
- **64.** $a_2 = -6$, $a_3 = 18$ **65.** \$16,384 **66.** \$536,870,912 **67.** \$3,795,957 **68.** \$38,2811.45 **69. a.** approximately 1.01 for each division **70. a.** approximately 1.02 for each division **b.** $a_n = 22.12(1.02)^{n-1}$
- c. approximately 25.41 million 71. \$32,767 72. \$1,073,741,823 73. \$793,583 74. Company B; \$780 75. 130.26 in. 76. 134.07 in.
- 77. a. \$11,617 b. \$1617 78. a. \$14,163 b. \$1663 79. a. \$87,052 b. \$63,052 80. a. \$171,271 b. \$135,271
- **81.** a. \$693,031 **b.** \$293,031 **82.** a. \$956,793 **b.** \$356,793 **83.** \$30,000 **84.** \$98,888 **85.** \$9 million **86.** \$15 billion





- horizontal asymptote: y = 3; sum of series: 3 horizontal asymptote: y = 10; sum of series: 10
- 102. makes sense 103. makes sense 104. does not make sense 105. false 106. false 107. false 101. makes sense 108. true
- **109.** Release 2000 flies each day. **110.** \$442 **112.** 6 = 6 **113.** 15 = 15 **114.** $\frac{(k+1)(k+2)(2k+3)}{(k+1)(k+2)(2k+3)}$

Mid-Chapter 11 Check Point

- **1.** 1, $-2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{24}$ **2.** 5, 2, -1, -4, -7 **3.** 5, -15, 45, -135, 405 **4.** 3, 1, 3, 1, 3 **5.** $a_n = 4n 2; a_{20} = 78$
- **6.** $a_n = 3(2)^{n-1}$; $a_{10} = 1536$ **7.** $a_n = -\frac{1}{2}n + 2$; $a_{30} = -13$ **8.** 5115 **9.** 2350 **10.** 6820 **11.** -29,300 **12.** 44
- **14.** $\frac{1995}{64}$ **15.** $\frac{5}{7}$ **16.** $\frac{5}{11}$ **17.** Answers will vary. An example is $\sum_{i=1}^{18} \frac{i}{i+2}$. **18.** 464 ft; 3600 ft **19.** \$311,249

Section 11.4

Check Point Exercises

- **1.** a. S_1 : 2 = 1(1+1); S_k : $2+4+6+\cdots+2k = k(k+1)$; S_{k+1} : $2+4+6+\cdots+2(k+1) = (k+1)(k+2)$ **b.** S_1 : $I^3 = \frac{1^2(1+1)^2}{4}$; S_k : $I^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \cdots + k^3 = \frac{k^2(k+1)^2}{4}$; S_{k+1} : $I^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \cdots + (k+1)^3 = \frac{(k+1)^2(k+2)^2}{4}$
- **2.** S_1 : 2 = 1(1+1); S_k : $2 + 4 + 6 + \cdots + 2k = k(k+1)$; S_{k+1} : $2 + 4 + 6 + \cdots + 2k + 2(k+1) = (k+1)(k+2)$; S_{k+1} can be obtained by adding 2k + 2 to both sides of S_k .