

Algebra 2- Remediation

Unit 1 Lesson 1 Day 3:Function Composition

- Write the composition of two functions
- Evaluate the composition of two functions

Function Composition: Placing one whole function into the other function's variable.

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

On this one, plug all of $g(x)$ into your variable for the f function.

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$$

For this, plug all of $f(x)$ into your $g(x)$ variable.

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$g(x) = 2x - 1$$

$$h(x) = 4x - 3$$

Ex 1: $g(f(x))$ plug $f(x)$ in for x on $g(x)$

$$2(x^2) - 1$$

$$\boxed{2x^2 - 1}$$

Ex 2: $f(g(x))$

$$(2x-1)^2 = (2x-1)(2x-1)$$

$$4x^2 - 2x - 2x + 1$$

$$\boxed{4x^2 - 4x + 1}$$

Ex 3: $h(g(x))$

$$4(2x-1) - 3$$

$$8x - 4 - 3$$

$$\boxed{8x - 7}$$

Ex: let $f(x) = 3x - 4$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 2x + 6$

a. $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$

$$3(x^2 - 2x + 6) - 4$$

$$3x^2 - 6x + 18 - 4 = \boxed{3x^2 - 6x + 14}$$

b. $(g \circ f)(x) =$

$$(3x - 4)^2 - 2(3x - 4) + 6$$

$$(3x - 4)(3x - 4) - 2(3x - 4) + 6$$

$$9x^2 - 12x - 12x + 16 - 6x + 8 + 6$$

$$\boxed{9x^2 - 30x + 30}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 8 \\ 6 \\ \hline 30 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -12 \\ -12 \\ -6 \\ \hline 30 \end{array}$$

Assignment:

You have an EXIT ticket that must be completed and turned in before you leave TODAY!